Augusta Canal Interpretive Center Field Trip Anticipation Guide On-Site Student Worksheet 4-5 A

In small groups, read the statements below. Mark the statements **T** or **F** in the column labeled **Me** based on what you think. Then, find the exhibits that have color-coded section markers to research the answers. Study the exhibits and compare your answers with the new information you find. Place a check in the column labeled **Exhibit** if the statement is true. Put an "X" next to false statements.

Section 1 Red – Before the Canal

Me	Exhibit
1. The Petersburg boatmen delivered corn, flour, and tobacco to settlements along the Savannah River.	
2. In 1837, Augusta was a prosperous and growing city.	
3. Henry Cumming believed a canal would help Augusta grow by providing a source of water, power, and transportation.	W
Section 2 Orange – Building the Canal	
Me	Exhibit
1. In 1845, slaves, freedmen, local white laborers, and Irish Immigrants used steam shovels and large cranes to dig the first level of the canal.	
2.William Phillips and John Edgar Thompson were hired by the Canal Board of Commissioners to begin the canal's construct	
Section 3 Yellow – The Heart of the Confederacy	
Me	Exhibit
1. The Civil War caused most of the factories along the Augus Canal to be shut down and very few goods were produced.	sta
2. The Powderworks supplied 12 million pounds of gun powd during the Civil War.	er
3. Augusta campaigned to be the Capital of the Confederacy a the beginning of the Civil War.	ıt

Section 4 Green – How the Canal Works

Me		Exhibit
	1. The Augusta Canal works because it was built nearly level and the Savannah River drops 52 feet in elevation.	
	2. Water diverted from the Savannah River flows into the first level of the canal at the diversion dam and locks.	
Sect	ion 5 Blue – Mills & Boom Times	
Me		Exhibit
	_1. In 1846 Augusta Canal's builders were proud to be making it big enough for more mills because Augustans wanted to build in the New South.	
	2. By the late 19 th century, Augusta was an industrial leader and the New South was diverting business from the north.	
Sect	ion 6 Indigo – Hydroelectricity & The Canal	
Me		Exhibit
	1. Many Augustans were frightened by hydroelectric power and angry that gas lamps were taken down.	
	2. The Enterprise Mill is an old textile mill that still makes both cloth and electricity or hydropower today.	
Sect	ion 7 Violet – The Weaver's Job/From Cotton to Cloth	
Me		Exhibit
	1 . Many mill workers wanted to be a weaver because it was a better paying job.	
	2. It was better to be short as a weaver so one could reach under the machine.	
	3. One of the five steps of making cotton into cloth is shedding.	